PRESIDIO, TEXAS (PRESIDIO COUNTY) WATER IMPROVEMENT PROJECT, AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ARCHIVAL SURVEY AND APPRAISAL

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Part I

.

ABSTRACT

22

PART I ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY AND APPRAISAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1

Abstract	
PART I	ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY AND APPRAISAL
	Pipeline Trenching and Related Work Planned. 1 Summary of the Archaeological Matrix of La Junta de los Rios
PART II	ARCHIVAL SURVEY AND OVERVIEW
	Introduction
	Resulting Overview 1
	Geography and Ecology
	The Valley of La Junta de los Rios 2
	Archaeology
	Cristobal)
	Evangelista)
	Ethnology and Ethnohistory
	Early Mexican and Anglo-American History at
	La Junta de los Rios
	Later Mexican and Anglo-American History at La Junta de los Rios
	Cultural Research Management at La Junta de
	los Rios
	The Presidio Story
	Bibliography

PART III ILLUSTRATIONS

- Plan of the First Pithouse (#1) Excavated at the Millington Site, Presidio, in 1937
- Millington Site, Shafter 7:1, San Cristobal, Excavated Trenches and Structures (Lehmer)
- Millington Site, Shafter 7:1, San Cristobal, El Paso Phase Structure, Jornada Branch; Mogollon

PART III Illustrations (continued)

Millington Site, Shafter 7:1, San Cristobal, La Junta Phase Structures, Rectangular House Series

- Millington Site, Shafter 7:1, San Cristobal, La Junta Phase Structures, Rectangular House Series, Unique Double Structure, #s 14 & 15. No Connecting Doorway Found. Note Altar and Sub-Floor Burial #14
- Millington Site, Shafter 7:1, San Cristobal, La Junta Phase Structures, Circular House Series
- Millington Site, Shafter 7:1, San Cristobal, Concepcion/Conchos Phases, Rectangular House Series
- Millington Site, Shafter 7:1, San Cristobal, Concepcion/Conchos Phases, Rectangular House Series, Structure #5, Concepcion/ Conchos Phase, Cutting Structure #2, El Paso Phase; Jornada Branch of the Mogollon Culture
- Millington Site, Shafter 7:1, San Cristobal, Concepcion/Conchos Phases, Circular Structure #7, Cutting Rectangular Structure #24; Note Altar in Structure #7
- Millington Site, Shafter 7:1, San Cristobal, Multi-Roomed Structure #9, Concepcion/ Conchos Phases cutting La Junta Phase Structures #11 & 23; #26 is Very Late Mission Period. Structures #25, 28 are Part of #9 Note Altar, Firepit, Curb; Traits of La Junta Phase Houses, Transitional Structure?
- Loma Alta Site, San Juan Evangelista, Shafter 7:3 Plan (Sketched) Kelley 1939 Excavations
- Loma Alta Site, San Juan Evangelista, Shafter
 7:3, Concepcion Phase #S1-4; #6 is Granary;
 #5 La Junta Phase (Cut by #s 3, 4, & 6)
- Loma Alta Site, San Juan Evangelista, Shafter 7:3, House Group II (Kelley, 1939 Excavations) Concepcion Phase Houses
- Rectangular House Tradition, Rectangular House Tradition, El Paso Tradition

PART III Illustrations (continued)

Circular House Tradition

Archaeological Site on Terrace 2 Desert Pavement north of Loma Alta; Probably Archaic Site (?) Typical T-2 Vegetation, Desert Pavement, 1939

The Historic Indian Pueblos of La Junta de los Rios

Plan of the royal Presidio of Nuestra Senora de Amarillas de la Junta de los Rios de Conchos y del Norte (Rio Grande), Constructed in 1759 Near the Pueblo of Nuestra Senora de Guadalupe (Now Ojinaga).

Photograph of La Junta Type Jacal Structure with Occupants, Redford Area (Circa 1900-1910) and photograph of Concepcion Phase Type Structure at La Junta Farms on Terrace #1, Below Loma Alta Site, 1939. Windows & Doors (Chimneys?) Historic Traits (?) AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ARCHIVAL SURVEY AND APPRAISAL

J. Charles Kelley, Ph.D. Principal Investigator

Ellen Abbott Kelley, M.A.

ABSTRACT

The City of Presidio, Texas (Presidio County), plans a major enlargement and improvement of their water system, including new and larger water lines in the city, one leading to a large storage facility on the high terrace to the north, one leading to a new pumping station near the railway station, and a long line leading eastward along a country road paralleling the southern exterior of the new city landfill area into an identified new water source in which they will drill at least two new water lines. Blue Mountain Consultants contracted to do an archaeological survey of the various areas involved together with a major archival survey of the literature of the La Junta area, terminating the study with an appraisal of the adverse or non-adverse effect of these operations on the cultural resouces of the area. The archival survey of the ethnohistory, history, and archaeology of the La Junta area produced a great body of data and references which is not included in this preliminary draft report but which will be included in the final report. Field work of the Project was carried out on March 15 through 19th. No new archaeological sites were discovered in the areas involved and known archaeological sites are located at a considerable distance from the areas where work will take place. Appraisal of the project by Blue Mountain Consultants results in a request for a "no adverse effect" recommendation.

PART I ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY AND APPRAISAL

<u>Pipeline Trenching and Related Work Planned:</u> A network of new water lines are planned and deep trenches will be excavated to bury them. At least two new wells will be drilled, a pumping station constructed, and a large water holding facility will be built (see enclosed Project plan). All of these activities require the use of excavating and construction machinery and pose a threat to any archaeological/historical remains that may lie within work areas. It should be noted that most of the trenching operations will take place near the center of city streets; the latter have been bladed from the natural terrace gravels of the outwash plain of Terrace 1 (where the river floodplain is Terrace 0) of the Rio Grande. This datum both complicates and simplifies archaeological reconnaissance. The complication is that the hard-packed and repeatedly graded street surface makes shovel testing very difficult. However, the same blading produces a smooth clean surface in which archaeological materials could be easily detected (in most instances the pipeline/trench runs along the center of the street) and at the edge of the street the blading was carried out in such a way that each side is cut from six to twelve inches (deeper locally) below the surface, exposing in the resulting cut a vertical profile of what lies beneath the surface.

Also, such blading usually had turned up a line of loose gravel and sand which could easily be examined for the presence of charcoal, heat-fractured stones, debitage, and artifacts. For the most part, the city engineers had staked out (with numbered stakes) a line along one side of the street and had placed flagged nails along the exact line of the future trench, typically located 30 feet from the line of stakes. In other instances, staking of the water lines had not been completed and there was some difficulty involved in locating the exact location of the future trenches. Eventually such problems were solved.

<u>Summary of the Archaeological Matrix of the La Junta de los</u> <u>Rios</u>: Fortunately, a number of archaeological surveys and some excavation of sites has been made in the greater Presidio area - La Junta de los Rios - and much of the area involved falls within the formally established La Junta Archaeological District" (see enclosure, taken from Goode and Lewis, 1982). Much of the earlier and some of the more recent surveys and excavations were carried out by the Principal Investigator of the current project, who also identified and described the location of the historic Indian Pueblos of La Junta (Kelley 1952-53). It should be noted that the only one of these historic sites located dangerously close to the Presidio Project is the Millington Site (San Cristobal), which is now a State Archaeological Site, most of which is owned by the State of Texas. Special care was needed in inspecting proposed activity areas located anywhere near this site.

The sequence of archaeological cultures in this area is well known. The earliest horizon is that of the Paleo-Indian big game hunters; evidence for its presence in the immediate area is doubtful, if not entirely negative. It was followed by the Archaic Horizon (Early, Middle, and Late) characterized by mixed hunting and gathering sites characterized by lithic tools; it is well represented on the high Terrace 2 gravel mesas projecting into the La Junta valley. The late Prehistoric Horizon in the greater La Junta area now appears to be quite complicated; as originally known it was called the Bravo Valley Aspect, essentially a village dwelling, semi-agricultural, pottery making, group ancestral to the historic pueblos of the Spanish Contact period. Recent work by Robert Malouff (1985, 1987), Malouff and Wulfkuhle (1989), and Kelley (1990) has shown that the Late Prehistoric was much more complex than earlier supposed, and that both ceramic and nonceramic occupations are represented.

The physiographic/settlement pattern of the immediate area is well known. The Millington Site is located on the southern edge of Terrace 1, near an old abandoned channel of the river: so is the Kopenborger Site. The Loma Alta Site (San Juan Evangelista), and San Antonio de Padua (on the American side of the Rio Grande) are located on high points of Terrace 2, in locations close to the river (or old channels). All known Archaic sites are located on the surface of Terrace 2 (or higher) mesas, occasionally along the banks of ephemeral streams entering the Rio Grande or in adjacent mountain areas. No archaeological sites are known from the broad outwash plain of Terrace 1. except as noted on its river edge. Except for the area where wells are to be drilled and the Terrace 2 mesa point on which the water storage facility is to be located, all of the excavation and construction activities to be undertaken lie in this same outwash plain, including almost all of the city of Presidio.

<u>Methodology of the Archaeological Survey: To serve as a</u> control for our survey, we arbitrarily identified various runs of the water lines as Lines 1,2,3, and 4, and divided each Line into convenient "Units" (as shown on the Project plan. for control of field work and note taking. A special form was devised to record observations made on each Line and in each Unit. Both archaeologists worked the prospective excavation and construction areas on foot, carefully observing the surface of the city street and the exposed vertical cuts made along each side by blading operations. The Principal Investigator recorded his observations on tape with a hand recorder, and made photographs of the area; after a Unit had searched, the two been completely archaeologists conferred regarding their observations, and Archaeologist Ellen Abbott Kelley recorded the joint observations on the Unit form. Typed copies of these original field notes for each Unit are included in Appendix A of this report; the original written notes, tapes, and photographs are at present on file at the office of Blue Mountain Consultants near Fort Davis, Texas,

<u>Conclusions</u>: With one exception, no definite archaeological remains were found in any of the Lines and Units surveyed. The one exception was the western end of Madero Street, Line 2, Unit 1. There Madero Street cuts through the edge of Old Presidio (presumably the section destroyed by heavy flooding in the 1920s); on the surface of adjacent vacant lots we observed sun-struck glass and crockery older than contemporary wares in use. Unfortunately, plowing during cultivation in these vacant lots had mixed the older material with contemporary junk. None of the older materials showed in the bladed street surface, and in the vertical blade cuts along the sides, except in the upper two inches. Blading of the street has removed any of the Old Presido litter that might have been preserved there.

At the southwest corner of Madero Street and Thompson Street,

in Line 2, Unit 1, there is an abandoned and heavily eroded adobe structure, presumably one of the Old Presidio buildings; others in even more ruined condition lie to the south and southwest. We are assured by the engineers of the city of Presidio that the water line will run along the northern side of Madero street, over 30 feet north of the adobe on the corner, which accordingly will not be harmed by excavation of the water line trench, if, indeed, it is worth preserving. Enrique Madrid, of Redford, reports that there is a La Junta archaeological site located near the river edge of Terrace 1 in this same locality, but we surveyed the area lying within one block of the water line in the Madero Street locality without locating this site.

In view of the data summarized above, and described in detail in the enclosed written unit note sheets, it is the conclusion of Blue Mountain consultants that no cultural materials will be destroyed or endangered by the activities of the Presidio Water Improvement Project and that no mitigation is required. If deeply buried sites should by chance be located below the streets of Presidio, and elsewhere that trenching activities will be required, it is our conclusion that such sites, which probably do not exist in these old gravel terrace deposits, could only be located by archaeological monitoring of the actual tranching activities. Accordingly, we request that a recommendation of "no adverse

effects" be made and that permission for the activities of the Presidio Water Improvement Project be allowed to proceed at an early date.

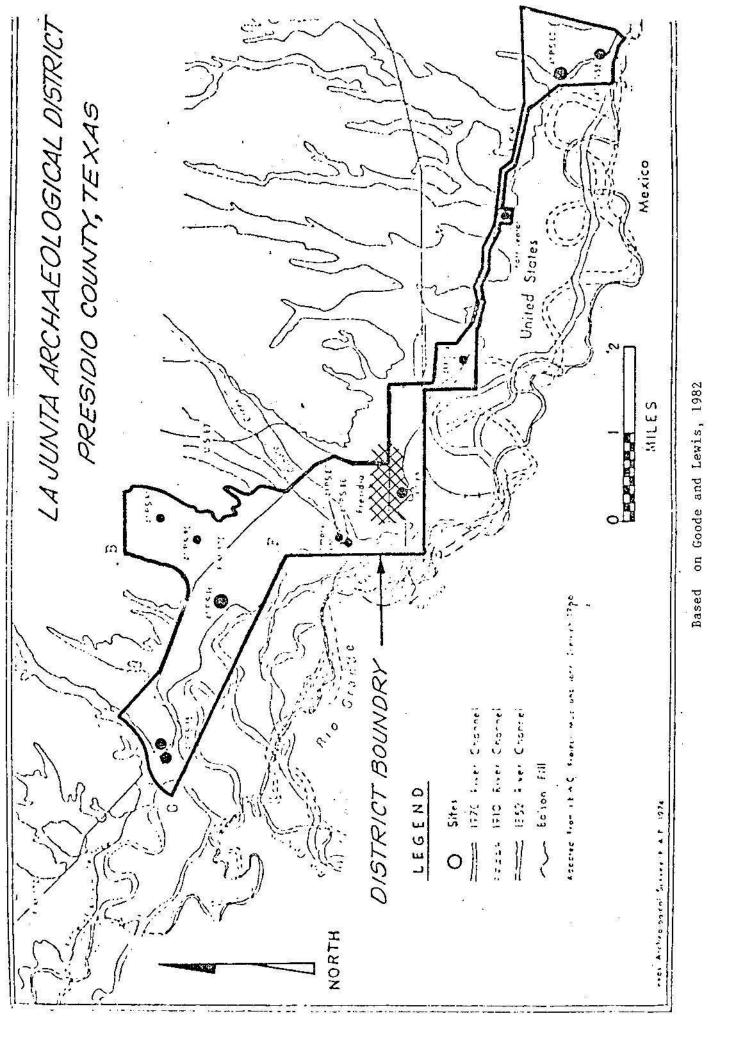
J. Charles Kelley, Ph.D.

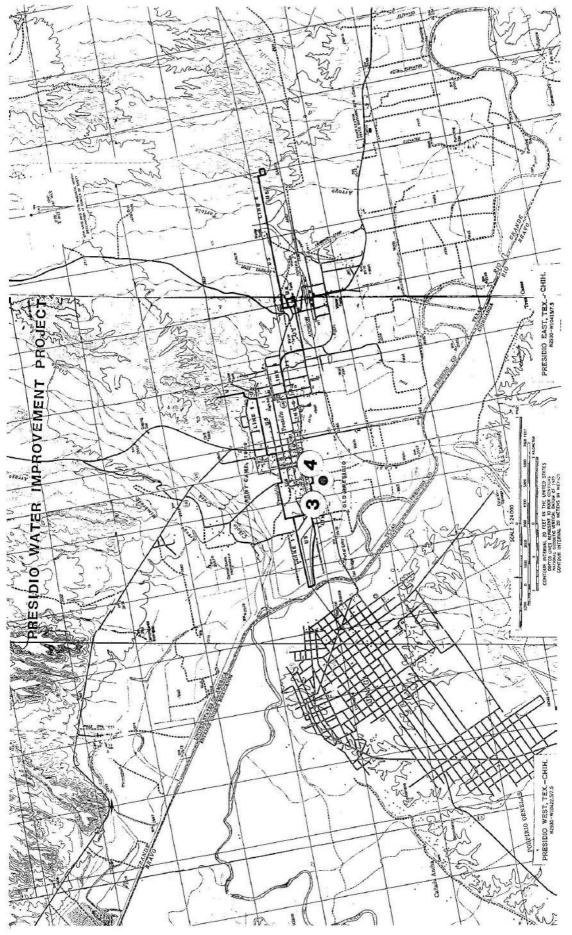
Principal Invesitgator

Ellen albort Kelley

Ellen Abbott Kelley, M.A. Assistant Consultant and Archaeologist

Blue Mountain Consultants Fort Davis, Texas March 26, 1990





DATE: MARCH<u>15</u>1990. Field Notes: Recorder<u>E Kelley & J. C. Kelley</u> Water Line: <u>Line #1 (Kelley designation) - storage tank area</u>

Section: Unit #1 - from benchmark on top of terrace to Stake 15+00

Street: -

Stake Number(s) [if any located]: Benchmark to Stake 15+00

OBSERVATIONS: (by whom): E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley

Terrain: <u>2nd or 3rd terrace projection extending out into river valley.</u> Surface <u>gently sloping & covered by a disintegrating desert pavement.</u>

Vegetation: <u>Primarily greasewood. some ocatilla, prickly pear & cactacious</u> <u>plants. Very little grass.</u>

Archaeological Remains Noted: <u>Should have been an archaeological site but no</u> <u>evidence it was.</u> A "hearth" of volcanic stone shows very little fire cracking, <u>if any</u>, and probably is a hunter's one night fireplace.

Identified Site (number if known): ______

New Site (field number): none

Shovel Tests Made (describe): none warranted

Specimens Noted or Collected: none

Photos Made: ves - J. C. Kelley Sketches (over) no Comments: Cut by several vehicle roads & by gravel quarry lying toward S. of contract area & outside pipeline construction. Desert pavement lies on loose sandy silt. On desert pavement, singly or in clusters, are vesicular volcanic stones ranging from cobbles to large boulders, mostly with smoothed edges. PROJECT: PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY IMPROVEMENT AND EXPANSION, CITY OF PRESIDIO, TEXAS, MARCH 1990, BLUE MOUNTAIN CONSULTANTS CONTRACT DATE: MARCH 16 1990. Field Notes: Recorder <u>E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley</u>

Water Line: Line #1

Section: <u>Unit #2 - from corner of Cassell & Tarver Streets north to junkyard,</u> <u>across tip of residual terraces to link with Unit #1.</u> Street: -

Stake Number(s) [if any located]: 15+00 south to Stake 1+00

OBSERVATIONS: (by whom): E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley

Terrain: <u>City street extending about 3-4 blocks through section partially</u>

obscured by old junkyard, across tips of gravel terraces and intervening

arroyo. Terraces of unconsolidated conglomerate.

Vegetation: City street - none. Gravel terraces have catclaw, greasewood,

cacti, and arroyo shows clumps of grass.

Archaeological Remains Noted: none

Identified Site (number if known):____none

New Site (field number): none

Shovel Tests Made (describe): <u>none warranted</u>

Specimens Noted or Collected: ______

 Photos Made:
 yes - J. C. Kelley
 Sketches (over) none

 Comments:
 Road cut through junkyard several feet deep. Profiles shows

 unconsolidated conglomerate of water and wind borne pebbles, sand, gravel,

 and cobbles.
 In section linking with Unit #1, the cut is 6-8 feet deep

 showing no archaeological materials.

DATE: MARCH 15 1990. Field Notes: Recorder E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley Water Line: Line #1 (Kelley designation)

Section: Unit #3 - corner of Cassell & Tarver Ave westward along Cassell to

Marfa highway and one block farther west.

Street: Corner of Cassell & Tarver Aves.

Stake Number(s) [if any located]: 1+00 westward to Stake 29

OBSERVATIONS: (by whom): E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley

Terrain: Unit #3 is a city street running east-west across outwash plain.

Street not paved but blading has cut into gravels & cobbles ofoutwash plain and finer gravel may have been applied.

Vegetation: City street & vegetation is in yards & vacant lots. Natural

vegetation consists of greasewood and grasses.

Archaeological Remains Noted: Search of cobbles along street ditches and vacant lots yields no traces of archaeological materials

Identified Site (number if known): none

New Site (field number): none

Shovel Tests Made (describe): no basis for testing

Specimens Noted or Collected: none

Photos Made: yes - J. C. Kelley	Sketches (over) no
Comments: In places along streets there	are slight rises or hummocks.
Inspected carefully in road-side buts,	these rises appear to be entirely
natural. No further testing or survey	along unit #3 is required.

PROJECT: PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY IMPROVEMENT AND EXPANSION, CITY OF PRESIDIO, TEXAS, MARCH 1990, BLUE MOUNTAIN CONSULTANTS CONTRACT DATE: MARCH 16 1990. Field Notes: Recorder E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley Water Line: Line #1

Section: <u>Unit #4 - corner of Cassell and Harmon Streets south for two blocks.</u> <u>Turn west on Bledsoe for five blocks, job north for a block, turn west and</u> <u>Stake Scontinue on Bledsoe westward seven blocks until dead end.</u> Stake Number(s) [if any located]: <u>29+00 to 72+00 to 82+00</u> OBSERVATIONS: (by whom): E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley

Terrain: City street essentially level except for small dips & rises. Street cut on western end through sand dunes and incredible mass of junk.

Vegetation: Catclaw, greasewood, some cacti, some grass, and some mesquite.

Archaeological Remains Noted: <u>Junk encountered represents last few decades</u> <u>in Presidio. No evidence of earlier occupation except for one sherd of</u> <u>crockery, perhaps from Ojinaga.</u>

Identified Site (number if known): none

New Site (field number): <u>none</u>

Shovel Tests Made (describe): <u>none warranted</u>

Specimens Noted or Collected: none

 Photos Made:
 yes - J. C. Kelley
 Sketches (over) none

 Comments:
 Sand dune area has obviously served until recently or continuing

 today, as a junkyard dump for Presidio.
 On evidence of essentially modern

 (last 50 years) materials represented, it does not represent an "old"

Presidio dump.

TEXAS,	T: PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY IMPROVEMENT AND EXPANSION, CITY OF PRESIDIO, MARCH 1990, BLUE MOUNTAIN CONSULTANTS CONTRACT
DATE:	MARCH 16 1990. Field Notes: Recorder E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley
	.ine: end of Line #1 and begin Line #2
Section	1: Unit #5 - two blocks west of Howard Street to International Bridge
along	highway into Mexico - return highway from International Bridge to Thom
Scherender	Street.
Stake F	<pre>/umber(s) [if any located]: 82+00 to ???</pre>
OBSERVA	TIONS: (by whom):_E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley
Terrain	: From Howard Street to highway are deep sand dunes. Terrain drops off
sudden.	y to floodplain under cultivation. Floodplain dug out about 8 feet or
	i southeast side.
	ion: <u>Dunes have catclaw, some grass, prickly pear.</u> Floodplain under
cultiva	tion of some kind of domestic crop.
Archaeo	logical Remains Noted: none
Identif:	led Site (number if known):
New Site	led Site (number if known): <u>none</u> e (field number): <u>none</u>
New Site	led Site (number if known): none
New Site	led Site (number if known): <u>none</u> (field number): <u>none</u> Cests Made (describe): <u>none warranted</u>
New Site	<pre>led Site (number if known): none</pre>
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New Site Shovel 2 pecimen hotos M	led Site (number if known): a (field number): is Made (describe): none warranted is Noted or Collected: ade:yes - J. C. Kelley Sketches (over)
New Site Shovel 2 pecimen hotos M omments	<pre>ied Site (number if known): none (field number): none Cests Made (describe): none warranted</pre>
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DATE: MARCH 17 1990. Field Notes: Recorder E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley Water Line: Line #2

Section: Unit #1 - corner of Thompson and Madero Streets eastward to dead end (six blocks).

Street: Madero Street

Stake Number(s) [if any located]: no numbered stakes found.

OBSERVATIONS: (by whom): E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley

Terrain: <u>City street across almost southern end of outwash plain which forms</u> <u>terrace</u> #1 in this area. Bladed street essentially level from one end to other.

Vegetation: All domestic vegetation in yards.

Archaeological Remains Noted: <u>Madero Street midway of its length especially is</u> <u>bladed through what appears to be "old" Presidio dumps with sun-struck glass</u> and crockery. However, plowing and road cutting have churned the old dump

Identified Site (number if known): no

New Site (field number): no

Shovel Tests Made (describe): no

Specimens Noted or Collected: <u>Specimens noted</u>: <u>glass & crockery that may come</u> <u>from "old" Presidio dump</u>. Now badly mixed & churned with recent dumping.

 Photos Made:
 yes - J. C. Kelley
 Sketches (over)
 no

 Comments:
 material
 into a mixture with modern dump material.
 Road surface is

 bladed 6-8 inches below the refuse-layered surface.
 The bladed road surface

 itself shows none of this refuse nor any prehistoric or early historic

 materials.
 Because of this and churning of deposits in adjacent vacant lots,

 this does not really constitute a viable archaeological site.

DATE: MARCH 17 1990. Field Notes: Recorder E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley Water Line: Line #2

Section: Univ #2 - along one block south (actually a one block jog of Madero Street) along Juarez Street. Turn east & continue one long block to - Street. SXXXXXX: Turn left (north) one block to O'Reily Street.

Stake Number(s) [if any located]: no stakes

OBSERVATIONS: (by whom): <u>E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley</u>

Terrain: City street cut into slightly undulating outwash plain representing slightly eroded south edge of a low section of terrace #1. Materials through which road is bladed are sand & gravel.

Vegetation: Only domestic plants & trees in yards. In vacant lots are grasses and isolated catclaw.

Archaeological Remains Noted: <u>Clearly a street of "old" Presidio.</u> At western <u>end after jog an adobe ruin from "old" Presidio stands on southeast corner of</u> <u>Madero. Blading of road & adjacent vacant lots obscures any archaeological</u> Identified Site (number if known): <u>no</u>

New Site (field number): no

Shovel Tests Made (describe): no. Blading of street at average of 6-8 inches below terrace surface obviates need for shovel testing.

Specimens Noted or Collected: none

Photos Made: yes - J. C. Kelley Sketches (over) no **Convexion** materials. Along this street of "old" Presidio actually there are other remains of adobe houses or foundations. Some of these will be destroyed by construction activities. Considering the condition of remaining structures it is our judgment that no mitigation is required, but this is a judgment that will have to be made in SHPO

	: PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY IMPROVEMENT AND EXPANSION, CITY OF PRESIDIO, MARCH 1990, BLUE MOUNTAIN CONSULTANTS CONTRACT
DATE: 1	MARCH <u>17</u> 1990. Field Notes: Recorder <u>E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley</u>
	ine: Line #3 - east section of town.
	: Unit #1 - one block line running south along - street from O'Reilly
Stake Nu	? umber(s) [if any located]: <u>no stakes</u>
	TIONS: (by whom): E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley
	Slightly hummocky natural surface of terrace #1 of Rio Grande.
	y and sandy street bladed 6-10 inches below surface. This is a city
	ion: <u>Grasses, greasewood along edge of vacant lot</u> . Along east side of
	domesticate planting in yards.
ArchaeoJ	logical Remains Noted: none
5.	
Identifi	ed Site (number if known): no site
New Site	e (field number): no
Shovel T	Cests Made (describe):no
Specimen	s Noted or Collected: none
Photos M	ade: <u>yes - J. C. Kelley</u> Sketches (over) no
1150 - 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	
2 <u>80</u> 2	

DATE: MARCH 17 1990. Field Notes: Recorder E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley Water Line: Line #4

Section: Univ #1 - along O'Reilly Street at intersection of Tarver Street eastward & around turn to intersection with Unit #2.

Street: Along highway on soft shoulder on south and then west side.

Stake Number(s) [if any located]: no stakes

OBSERVATIONS: (by whom): E. Kelley & J. C. KElley

Terrain: Paved highway and city street running across the outwash plain of

terrace #1 of Rio Grande. Exposee gravelly surface cut by blade.

Vegetation: Native vegetation only in vacant lots along unit. Greasewood and catclaw observed.

Archaeological Remains Noted: none

Identified Site (number if known): no site New Site (field number): no Shovel Tests Made (describe): no

Specimens Noted or Collected: none

Photos Made: yes - J. C. Kelley Sketches (over) no

Comments:

DATE: MARCH<u>17</u>1990. Field Notes: Recorder<u>E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley</u> Water Line: <u>Line #4</u>

Section: Unit #2 - one block of Wilson Street running westward from highway.

Street: Wilson Street Stake Number(s) [if any located]: no stakes until southwest corner of Unit #4. OBSERVATIONS: (by whom): E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley

Terrain: City street across outwash plain. One long block crossed by arroyo about midway. Bladed below original surface of Terrace #1.

Archaeological Remains Noted: none

Identified Site (number if known): no site New Site (field number): no Shovel Tests Made (describe): no

Specimens Noted or Collected: none

 Photos Made:
 yes - J. C. Kelley
 Sketches (over) no

 Comments:
 New advice runs Unit #2 from intersection of Wilson Street and

 highway eastward along Highway Department grounds, through heavy brush, through

 holding pens for railroad to southwest corner of Unit #4.

 Vegetation is

 heavy thicket of greasewood, cholla, catclaw, heavy grass clumps and cacti.

 Terrain is same outwash plain of Terrace #1.

 The surface is the gravel &

 cobble surface of the terrace.

DATE: MARCH<u>17-18</u>1990. Field Notes: Recorder E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley Water Line: Line #4

Section: Unit #3 - eastward along road to city dump from its junction with

Unit #4 to Alvarado Cattle Company.

Street: Runs along south side of city dump & Baeza Cattle Company to drop-off. Stake Number(s) [if any located]: none

OBSERVATIONS: (by whom): E. Kelley & J. C. Kelley

Terrain: Country road bladed on natural gravel of terrace #1. Undulating

slightly as it crosses low areas. Blading has cut into natural terrain on both sides exposing upper 6-10 inches.

Vegetation: Primarily greasewood and catclaw, some ocatillo and mesquite, cacti and high grass clumps, candilla.

Archaeological Remains Noted: nonc

Identified Site (number if known): no sites

New Site (field number): no

Shovel Tests Made (describe): no basis for testing

Specimens Noted or Collected: none

Photos Made: <u>yes - J. C. Kelley</u>	Sketches (over) no
Comments: At Alvarado Cattle Company (end	of unit) it runs through a large
bladed area used by ranch. At western ed	ge of this cleared area, the
terrace drops off abruptly (about six fee	
branches of Tortola Arroyo) along the dra	w runs a spur of railroad. Drop-off
dumping on both sides of road. Modern di	tching in various localities on south
side of road.	
